

This diary is designed to log data pertaining to your fruit tree's general health and insect pest occurrence. This diary can be used by anyone growing a fruit bearing tree or shrub and is available in a weekly and yearly format. This can be used in an online format, or can be printed off and filled in by hand. This is a part of the RDOS Noxious Pest Program in accordance with Bylaw #2711, 2015, which indicates the responsibility of a residential grower to prevent and control insect pests.

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West.			
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General Fruit Tree Information						
Apple Tree Species:						
Date Purchased:						
Place of Purchase:						
Place of Purchase:						

		Weather	Pest Check	Disease Check	Pest Imerremi.	ro	
	Monday						
_	Tuesday						
Weekly Diary	Wednesday						
kly I	Thursday						
Nee	Friday						
_	Saturday						
	Sunday						
	Notes:						

Type of Information to Input:

Weather: Temperature, precipiation, sun, wind, etc.

Pest Check: Look for irregularities in your tree & crop.
- Damage holes in the fruit or tree trunk/ branches.

- Frass (red-brown insect excrement) in fruit or tree.
- Honeydew (sweet, sticky substance) or mould.
 Wilting or damaged shoots.
- Fruit dimpling, softening, or tunneling.
- Curled leaves.
- Premature Fruit Drop.

Pest Intervention: Methods to prevent or control insect pests.

- Trunk banding (corrugated cardboard).
 Hand-pick pest off tree, homemade traps.
- Thinning fruit to singles.
- Net tree or bag fruitlets for entire growing season.
 Seal and bag culls and leave in sun for a week.
- Limiting nitrogen application.
- Pesticides.

Feeding: Log any additional feeding (fertilizers etc.).

Harvest Time: Indicate the time that harvest occured for that year (typically between Aug.- Oct.)

Pruning: Indicate when pruning occured (should be before bud break and at least 2 weeks after last frost).

*These are some of the more common pests & diseases that affect apple trees in the RDOS. It is not exhaustive.

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	Pest D	amage	99	Total			700			= (should b	riods of pest ac e monitored vi ng these month	gilantly
	Pest Idei	ntification		X								
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	January											
2	February											
Dia	March											
Monthly Diary	April											
Aon	May											
	June											
	July											
	August											
	September											
	October											
	November											
	December											
	Notes:											



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General Fruit Tree Information						
Pear Tree Species:						
real free species.						
Date Purchased:						
Place of Purchase:						
Place of Purchase:						
Additional Notes:						

		Weather	Pest Check	Disease Check	Pest Imerventi	Feeding	
	Monday						
>	Tuesday						
Diar	Wednesday						
kly I	Thursday						
Weekly Diary	Friday						
	Saturday						
	Sunday						
	Notes:						

Type of Information to Input:

Weather: Temperature, precipiation, sun, wind, etc.

Pest Check: Look for irregularities in your tree & crop.
- Damage holes in the fruit or tree trunk/ branches.

- Frass (red-brown insect excrement) in fruit or tree.
- Honeydew (sweet, sticky substance) or mould.
 Wilting or damaged shoots.
- Fruit dimpling, softening, or tunneling.
- Curled leaves.
- Premature Fruit Drop.

Pest Intervention: Methods to prevent or control insect

- pests.
- Trunk banding (corrugated cardboard). - Hand-pick pest off tree, homemade traps.
- Thinning fruit to singles.
- Net tree or bag fruitlets for entire growing season.
- Seal and bag culls and leave in sun for a week.
- Limiting nitrogen application.
- Pesticides.

Feeding: Log any additional feeding (fertilizers etc.).

Harvest Time: Indicate the time that harvest occured for that year (typically between Aug.- Sept.)

Pruning: Indicate when pruning occured (should be before bud break and at least 2 weeks after last frost).

*These are some of the more common pests & diseases that affect pear trees in the RDOS. It is not exhaustive. Pest Damage Main periods of pest activity = (should be monitored vigilantly during these months) Pest Identification Usquise, usq January February **Monthly Diary** March April June August September October November December Notes:



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				General Fruit Tr	ee Information		
Peach Tree Species:							
Date Purchased:							
Place of Purchase:							
Additional Notes:							
			/ .	ntion	/	7	Type of Information to Input:
	/	/	\	/ July /	/		Weather Temperature precipiation cup wind ats

Monday Tuesday Weekly Diary Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Notes:

- Pest Check: Look for irregularities in your tree & crop. - Damage holes in the fruit or tree trunk/ branches.
- Frass (red-brown insect excrement) in fruit or tree.
- Honeydew (sweet, sticky substance) or mould.
 Wilting or damaged shoots.
- Fruit dimpling, softening, or tunneling.
- Curled leaves.
- Premature Fruit Drop.

Pest Intervention: Methods to prevent or control insect pests.

- Trunk banding (polyester batting, cardboard)
- Hand-pick pest off tree, homemade traps.
- Thinning fruit to singles.
- Net tree or bag fruitlets for entire growing season.
- Seal and bag culls and leave in sun for a week.
- Limiting nitrogen application.
- Pesticides.

Feeding: Log any additional feeding (fertilizers etc.).

Harvest Time: Indicate the time that harvest occured for that year (typically between July-Aug.).

Pruning: Indicate when pruning occured (should be before bud break and at least 2 weeks after last frost).

*These are some of the more common pests & diseases that affect peach trees in the RDOS. It is not exhaustive. Pest Damage Main periods of pest activity = (should be monitored vigilantly during these months) Pest Identification Use Cherce buy beat 6 January February **Monthly Diary** March April June August September October November December Notes:



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General Fruit Tree Information					
Cherry Tree Species:					
Date Purchased:					
Place of Purchase:					
Additional Notes:					

		Weather	Pest Check	Disease Check	Pest Imerventi	Feeding	
	Monday						
_	Tuesday						
Weekly Diary	Wednesday						
kly I	Thursday						
Nee	Friday						
_	Saturday						
	Sunday						
	Notes:						

Type of Information to Input:

Weather: Temperature, precipiation, sun, wind, etc.

Pest Check: Look for irregularities in your tree & crop.
- Damage holes in the fruit or tree trunk/ branches.

- Frass (red-brown insect excrement) in fruit or tree.
- Honeydew (sweet, sticky substance) or mould.
 Wilting or damaged shoots.
- Fruit dimpling, softening, or tunneling.
- Curled leaves.
- Premature Fruit Drop.

Pest Intervention: Methods to prevent or control insect pests.

- Trunk banding (corrugated cardboard).
- Hand-pick pest off tree, homemade traps.
- Thinning fruit to singles.
- Net tree or bag fruitlets for entire growing season.
- Seal and bag culls and leave in sun for a week.
- Limiting nitrogen application.
- Pesticides.

Feeding: Log any additional feeding (fertilizers etc.).

Harvest Time: Indicate the time that harvest occured for that year (typically between June-Aug.)

Pruning: Indicate when pruning occured (should be before bud break and at least 2 weeks after last frost).

Pest Damage Main periods of pest activity = (should be monitored vigilantly during these months) Pest Identification

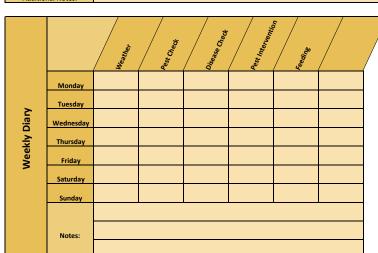
*These are some of the more common pests & diseases that affect cherry trees in the RDOS. It is not exhaustive.

ming lange budge by January February **Monthly Diary** March April June August September October November December Notes:



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		General Fruit Tree Information
	Apricot Tree Species:	
-	Date Purchased:	
	Place of Purchase:	
	Additional Notes:	



Type of Information to Input:

Weather: Temperature, precipiation, sun, wind, etc.

Pest Check: Look for irregularities in your tree & crop.
- Damage holes in the fruit or tree trunk/ branches.

- Frass (red-brown insect excrement) in fruit or tree.
- Honeydew (sweet, sticky substance) or mould.
 Wilting or damaged shoots.
- Fruit dimpling, softening, or tunneling.
- Curled leaves.
- Premature Fruit Drop.
- Pest Intervention: Methods to prevent or control insect
- pests.
- Trunk banding (corrugated cardboard). - Hand-pick pest off tree, homemade traps.
- Thinning fruit to singles.
- Net tree or bag fruitlets for entire growing season.
- Seal and bag culls and leave in sun for a week.
- Limiting nitrogen application.
- Pesticides.

Feeding: Log any additional feeding (fertilizers etc.).

Harvest Time: Indicate the time that harvest occured for that year (typically between June-Aug.).

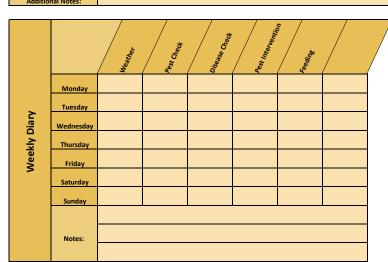
Pruning: Indicate when pruning occured (should be before bud break and at least 2 weeks after last frost).

*These are some of the more common pests & diseases that affect apricot trees in the RDOS. It is not exhaustive. Pest Damage Main periods of pest activity = (should be monitored vigilantly during these months) Pest Identification Sweet spiral spi January February **Monthly Diary** March April June August September October November December Notes:



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	General Fruit Tree Information						
Plum Tree Species:							
Date Purchased:							
Place of Purchase:							
A different Market							



Type of Information to Input:

Weather: Temperature, precipiation, sun, wind, etc.

Pest Check: Look for irregularities in your tree & crop.
- Damage holes in the fruit or tree trunk/ branches.

- Frass (red-brown insect excrement) in fruit or tree.
- Honeydew (sweet, sticky substance) or mould.
 Wilting or damaged shoots.
- Fruit dimpling, softening, or tunneling.
- Curled leaves.
- Premature Fruit Drop.

Pest Intervention: Methods to prevent or control insect pests.

- Trunk banding (corrugated cardboard).
- Hand-pick pest off tree, homemade traps.
- Thinning fruit to singles.
- Net tree or bag fruitlets for entire growing season.
- Seal and bag culls and leave in sun for a week.
- Limiting nitrogen application.
- Pesticides.

Feeding: Log any additional feeding (fertilizers etc.).

Harvest Time: Indicate the time that harvest occured for that year (typically between Sept.-Nov.).

Pruning: Indicate when pruning occured (should be before bud break and at least 2 weeks after last frost).

*These are some of the more common pests & diseases that affect plum trees in the RDOS. It is not exhaustive. Pest Damage Main periods of pest activity = (should be monitored vigilantly during these months) Pest Identification Usquise, usq January February **Monthly Diary** March April June August September October November December Notes:



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General Berry Bush Information								
Berry Bush Species:								
Date Purchased:								
Place of Purchase:								
Additional Notes:								

		Weather	Pest Check	Disease Check	Pest Interventi.	Feeding	
Weekly Diary	Monday						
	Tuesday						
	Wednesday						
	Thursday						
	Friday						
	Saturday						
	Sunday						
	Notes:						

Type of Information to Input:

Weather: Temperature, precipiation, sun, wind, etc. $\textbf{Pest Check:} \ \mathsf{Look} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{irregularities} \ \mathsf{in} \ \mathsf{your} \ \mathsf{berry} \ \mathsf{bush} \ \&$

- Damage holes in the fruit or branches.
- Frass (red-brown insect excrement) in fruit or tree.
 Honeydew (sweet, sticky substance) or mould.
- Wilting or damaged shoots.
 Fruit dimpling, softening, or tunneling.
 Curled leaves.

- Premature Fruit Drop. **Pest Intervention:** Methods to prevent or control insect

- Hand-pick pest off tree, homemade traps.
- Net berry bush for entire growing season.
- Seal and bag culls and leave in sun for a week.
- Limiting nitrogen application.
- Pesticides.

Feeding: Log any additional feeding (fertilizers etc.).

Harvest Time: Indicate the time that harvest occured for that year (varies depending on fruit type). **Pruning:** Indicate when pruning occured (for most berry varieties, typically in late March to early April).

*These are some of the more common pests & diseases that affect berry bushes in the RDOS. It is not exhaustive.

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	Pest D)amage					96			= (should b	riods of pest ac e monitored vig ng these month	gilantly
	Pest Idei	ntification								during triese montris)		
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	January											
Monthly Diary	February											
Ö	March											
thly	April											
Jon J	May											
2												
	June											
	July											
	August											
	September											
	October											
	November											
	December											
	Notes:											



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General Grapevine Information								
Grapevine Species:								
Date Purchased:								
Place of Purchase:								
Additional Materi								

		меэмег	Pest Check	Disease Check	Pest Interventie	Feeding	
	Monday						
Weekly Diary	Tuesday						
	Wednesday						
	Thursday						
	Friday						
_	Saturday						
	Sunday						
	Notes:						

Type of Information to Input:

Weather: Temperature, precipiation, sun, wind, etc.

Pest Check: Look for irregularities in your tree & crop.
- Damage holes in the fruit or tree trunk/ branches.

- Frass (red-brown insect excrement) in fruit or tree.
- Honeydew (sweet, sticky substance) or mould.
 Wilting or damaged shoots.
- Fruit dimpling, softening, or tunneling.
- Curled leaves.

- Premature Fruit Drop.

Pest Intervention: Methods to prevent or control insect pests.

- Trunk banding (corrugated cardboard).
 Hand-pick pest off tree, homemade traps.
- Thinning fruit to singles.
- Net tree or bag fruitlets for entire growing season.
 Seal and bag culls and leave in sun for a week.
- Limiting nitrogen application.
- Pesticides.

Feeding: Log any additional feeding (fertilizers etc.).

Harvest Time: Indicate the time that harvest occured for that year (typically between Aug.- Oct.)

Pruning: Indicate when pruning occured (should be before bud break and at least 2 weeks after last frost).

		These a	re some or the r	nore common pe	ests & diseases t	inat affect grape	vinesiii tile kDO	S. It is not exhat	astive.			
		Damage					Main periods of pest act (should be monitored vig during these months				gilantly	
			<u> </u>		380					/	/ ,	/
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	January											
7	February											
Monthly Diary	March											
ıthly	April											
Moi	May											
	June											
	July											
	August											
	September											
	October											
	November											
	December											
	Notes:											